**March is Women’s History Month**

Women's History Month has grown from a week in March to the entire month itself. If you want to celebrate, educate yourself about women's history. Do reading online or read books on women and women's history. You can also celebrate with others by attending events or having movie nights with friends.

Women’s History Month is a celebration of women’s contributions to history, culture and society and has been observed annually in the month of March in the United States since 1987. Women’s History Month 2021 will take place from Monday, March 1-Wednesday, March 31, 2021.

***Why Do We Celebrate Women’s History Month?***

Women’s History Month is a dedicated month to reflect on the often-overlooked contributions of women to United States history. From [Abigail Adams](https://www.history.com/topics/first-ladies/abigail-adams) to [Susan B. Anthony](https://www.history.com/topics/womens-history/susan-b-anthony), [Sojourner Truth](https://www.history.com/topics/black-history/sojourner-truth) to [Rosa Parks](http://history.com/topics/black-history/rosa-parks), the [timeline of women’s history milestones](https://www.history.com/topics/womens-history/womens-history-us-timeline) stretches back to the founding of the United States.

The actual celebration of [Women’s History Month](https://womenshistorymonth.gov/) grew out of a weeklong celebration of women’s contributions to culture, history and society organized by the school district of Sonoma, [California](https://www.history.com/topics/us-states/california), in 1978. Presentations were given at dozens of schools, hundreds of students participated in a “Real Woman” essay contest and a parade was held in downtown Santa Rosa.

**Did you know?** To coincide with Women's History Month 2011, the White House issued a 50-year progress report on the status of women in the United States. It found that younger women are now more likely than their male counterparts to hold a college degree and that the number of men and women in the labor force has nearly equalized.

A few years later, the idea had caught on within communities, school districts and organizations across the country. In 1980, President [Jimmy Carter](https://www.history.com/topics/us-presidents/jimmy-carter) issued the first presidential proclamation declaring the week of March 8 as National [Women’s History](https://www.history.com/topics/womens-history) Week. The U.S. Congress followed suit the next year, passing a resolution establishing a national celebration. Six years later, the National Women’s History Project successfully petitioned Congress to expand the event to the entire month of March.

***International Women’s Day***

[International Women’s Day](https://www.history.com/news/the-surprising-history-of-international-womens-day), a global celebration of the economic, political and social achievements of women, took place for the first time on March 8, 1911. Many countries around the world celebrate the holiday with demonstrations, educational initiatives and customs such as presenting women with gifts and flowers. The [United Nations](https://www.history.com/topics/world-war-ii/united-nations) has sponsored International Women’s Day since 1975. When adopting its resolution on the observance of International Women’s Day, the United Nations General Assembly cited the following reasons: “To recognize the fact that securing peace and social progress and the full enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms require the active participation, equality and development of women; and to acknowledge the contribution of women to the strengthening of international peace and security.”